

## *Maseches Yevamos*

- 1) What is a צָרָה?
- 2) If a woman is פְּטוּר from יְבוּם and חֲלִיצָה, is she allowed to do יְבוּם if she wants to and why?
- 3) What is מְאוּן?
- 4) Name 2 types of people whose marriage is only valid מִדֵּרְבָּנָן.
- 5) If a woman is only married מִדֵּרְבָּנָן and her husband dies, does she require יְבוּם or חֲלִיצָה or either or none?
- 6) What does אַחוּת זְכוּקָתוֹ mean? (From the word 'זִיקָה')
- 7) What is a woman whose husband has died and she is waiting for יְבוּם/חֲלִיצָה called?
- 8) What is מְאַמֵּר?
- 9) If יְבוּם is performed by mistake, does it work?
- 10) מִדֵּרְבָּנָן, a חֲלוּצָה has the same laws as who?
- 11) What is a סָרִיס, and what is the equivalent term for a woman?
- 12) Until what age is a boy considered a קָטָן (with regards to marriage matters)?
- 13) List 2 of the 3 things done at the חֲלִיצָה ceremony.
- 14) Can a male חֵרֵשׁ divorce his wife and why?
- 15) How many witnesses does a woman need to testify that her husband died, to allow her to remarry?

# TIME 4 MISHNA

ר"ל אמר: אם ראית תלמיד שלמודו קשה עליו כברזל, בשביל משנתו שאינה סדורה עליו (תענית ח.).

**'If you see someone who's learning is as hard as iron for him, it's because of his Mishnayos which aren't organised in his mind'**

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...ואינו זוכר מה כתיב בה... שקלקל במשנה שהיא קודם לגמרא (רש"י שם)

**'...He doesn't remember what's written in it...since he skipped out (lit. ruined) Mishnayos which comes before Gemoro.'**

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במי אתה מוצא מלחמתה של תורה (רש"י: הוריותיה ולעמוד על בוריה ועל עיקרה לא כאדם המפולפל ומחודד ובעל סברא ולא למד משניות) במי שיש בידו חבילות של משנה (סנהדרין מב.)

**'In whom can you find the battle of torah? (Rashi: its teachings and to understand it with clarity) In one who has 'bundles' of Mishnayos. (Rashi: Not in someone who debates and is sharp and is a man of logic, yet hasn't learnt Mishnayos)'**